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- (8) Average and peak capacity of the device for the flow rate, volume, or number of persons that the device is capable of serving and the period of time the device is rated to operate at peak capacity.
- (9) The power requirements, including voltage and current.
- (10) The type and quantity of fuel required.
- (11) The duration of the operating cycle for unitized incinerating devices.
- (12) The maximum angles of pitch and roll at which the device operates in accordance with the applicable requirements of §159.53.
- (13) Whether the device is designed to operate in salt, fresh, or brackish water.
- (14) The maximum hydrostatic pressure at which a pressurized sewage retention tank meets the requirements of §159.111.
- (15) The maximum operating level of liquid retention components.
- (16) Whether the device is Type I, II, or III.
 - (17) A statement as follows:

NOTE: The EPA standards state that in freshwater lakes, freshwater reservoirs or other freshwater impoundments whose inlets or outlets are such as to prevent the ingress or egress by vessel traffic subject to this regulation, or in rivers not capable of navigation by interstate vessel traffic subject to this regulation, marine sanitation devices certified by the U.S. Coast Guard installed on all vessels shall be designed and operated to prevent the overboard discharge of sewage, treated or untreated, or of any waste derived from sewage. The EPA standards further state that this shall not be construed to prohibit the carriage of Coast Guard-certified flow-through treatment devices which have been secured so as to prevent such discharges. They also state that waters where a Coast Guard-certified marine sanitation device permitting discharge is allowed include coastal waters and estuaries, the Great Lakes and interconnected waterways, freshwater lakes and impoundments accessible through locks, and other flowing waters that are navigable interstate by vessels subject to this regulation (40 CFR 140.3).

[CGD 73-83, 40 FR 4624, Jan. 30, 1975, as amended by CGD 75-213, 41 FR 15325, Apr. 12, 1976]

§159.59 Placard.

Each device must have a placard suitable for posting on which is printed the operating instructions, safety precautions, and warnings pertinent to the device. The size of the letters printed on the placard must be one-eighth of an inch or larger.

§ 159.61 Vents.

Vents must be designed and constructed to minimize clogging by either the contents of the tank or climatic conditions such as snow or ice.

§159.63 Access to parts.

Each part of the device that is required by the manufacturer's instructions to be serviced routinely must be readily accessible in the installed position of the device recommended by the manufacturer.

§ 159.65 Chemical level indicator.

The device must be equipped with one of the following:

- (a) A means of indicating the amount in the device of any chemical that is necessary for its effective operation.
- (b) A means of indicating when chemicals must be added for the proper continued operation of the device.

§159.67 Electrical component ratings.

Electrical components must have current and voltage ratings equal to or greater than the maximum load they may carry.

§ 159.69 Motor ratings.

Motors must be rated to operate at 50 °C ambient temperature.

§ 159.71 Electrical controls and conductors.

Electrical controls and conductors must be installed in accordance with good marine practice. Wire must be copper and must be stranded. Electrical controls and conductors must be protected from exposure to chemicals and sewage.

§159.73 Conductors.

Current carrying conductors must be electrically insulated from non-current carrying metal parts.